

# Q4 2024 MAP TO THE MARKETS





## **Timely Updates and Studies**



# **Strong Markets Tend to Finish the Year Strong**

(1928 - 2024)								
Rank	Year	Price Return: First 202 Trading	•	Price Return: Ful Calendar Year				
	1075	Days	End	20.00/				
1	1975	29.6%	1.0%	30.9%				
2	1933	29.5%	11.3%	44.1%				
3	1954	28.3%	12.3%	44.1%				
4	1995	27.9%	4.8%	34.1%				
5	1997	27.5%	2.8%	31.1%				
6	1958	26.5%	8.6%	37.4%				
7	1936	25.5%	2.5%	28.6%				
8	1945	24.8%	4.7%	30.7%				
9	1928	24.3%	10.9%	37.9%				
10	1935	24.3%	13.7%	41.4%				
11	1938	23.3%	1.0%	24.5%				
12	1989	23.1%	3.4%	27.3%				
13	2024	23.0%						
14	1980	22.5%	2.4%	25.4%				
15	2013	22.3%	6.0%	29.6%				
16	1943	21.2%	-1.4%	19.4%				
17	2009	20.8%	2.2%	23.5%				
18	2021	20.8%	5.1%	26.9%				
19	1983	19.3%	-1.8%	17.2%				
20	2019	19.1%	8.2%	28.9%				
€ CRE	ATIVE PI	© CREATIVE PLANNING @CharlieBilello (As of 10/18/24)						



#### **5 Month Win Streaks Tend to Lead to Further Gains**

#### Five Month Win Streaks Have Bulls Smiling

S&P 500 Returns After Five Month Win Streaks (1950 - Current)

			S&P 500 Index Returns			
Date	Ultimate Win Streak	<b>Next Month</b>	Next 3 Months	Next 6 Months	Next Year	
1/29/1954	11	0.3%	8.4%	18.4%	21.5%	
7/31/1958	11	1.2%	8.8%	17.4%	22.0%	
3/30/1961	7	0.4%	-0.6%	2.6%	10.0%	
4/30/1964	8	1.1%	4.7%	6.8%	10.2%	
3/31/1971	6	3.5%	-0.6%	-2.0%	1.6%	
4/28/1972	6	1.6%	-0.3%	3.6%	7.8%	
5/30/1975	6	4.4%	-4.7%	0.1%	9.4%	
8/29/1980	8	2.5%	14.8%	7.3%	8.3%	
12/31/1982	9	3.3%	8.8%	19.5%	18.1%	
2/28/1986	6	5.3%	9.0%	11.5%	9.8%	
3/28/1991	7	0.0%	-1.1%	3.4%	11.2%	
1/29/1993	7	1.0%	0.3%	2.1%	6.6%	
4/28/1995	8	3.6%	9.2%	13.0%	23.6%	
3/29/1996	8	1.3%	3.9%	6.5%	14.8%	
3/31/1998	6	0.9%	2.9%	-7.7%	11.6%	
1/29/1999	5	-3.2%	4.3%	3.8%	6.5%	
7/31/2003	6	1.8%	6.1%	14.2%	11.8%	
2/27/2004	5	-1.6%	-2.1%	-3.6%	2.5%	
2/31/2004	5	-2.5%	-2.6%	-1.7%	1.4%	
0/31/2006	8	1.6%	4.4%	7.6%	5.6%	
7/31/2009	7	3.4%	4.9%	8.7%	20.2%	
3/28/2013	7	1.8%	2.4%	7.2%	17.8%	
6/30/2014	5	-1.5%	0.6%	5.0%	5.5%	
7/29/2016	5	-0.1%	-2.2%	4.8%	9.7%	
8/31/2017	10	1.9%	7.1%	9.8%	9.5%	
8/31/2018	6	0.4%	-4.9%	-4.0%	-5.2%	
8/31/2020	5	-3.9%	3.5%	8.9%	20.1%	
6/30/2021	7	2.3%	0.2%	10.9%	5.4%	
7/31/2023	5	-1.8%	-8.6%	5.6%	9.7%	
3/29/2024	5	-4.2%	3.9%	9.7%	?	
9/30/2024	5*	?	?	?	?	
	Average	0.8%	2.7%	6.3%	10.6%	
	Median	1.2%	3.2%	6.6%	9.7%	
	Higher	22	20	25	28	
	Count	30	30	30	29	
	% Higher	73.3%	66.7%	83.3%	96.6%	

Source: Carson Investment Research, FactSet 10/02/2024



<sup>\*</sup> Current win streak still active @ryandetrick



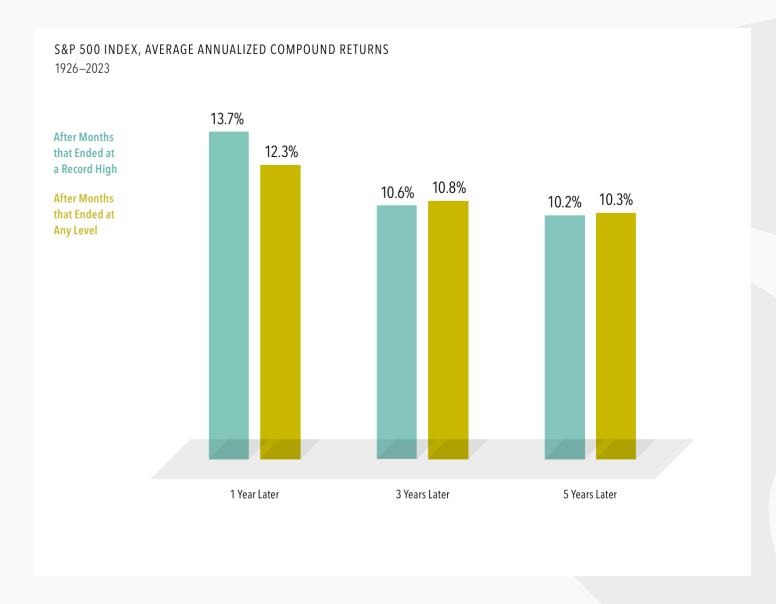
#### **Rate Cuts Historically Precede Market Gains**





## **Returns from All-Time Highs Match Other Periods**

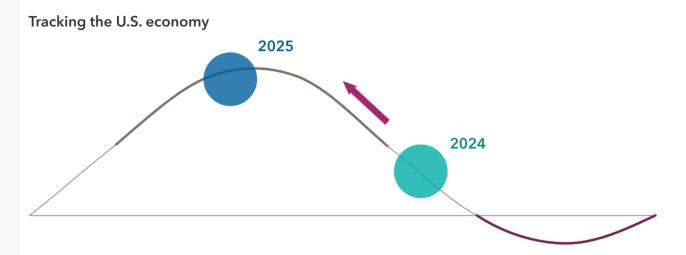






#### A Soft Landing Implies the Economy is Likely Mid Cycle

#### U.S. economy goes back to the future



#### **EARLY**

Economic activity accelerates

Hours worked rise

Central bank eases

#### MID

Profit margins peak

Employment improves

Credit demand picks up

#### LATE

Labor markets tighten

Profit margins contract

Central bank tightens

#### **RECESSION**

Economic activity declines

Credit contracts

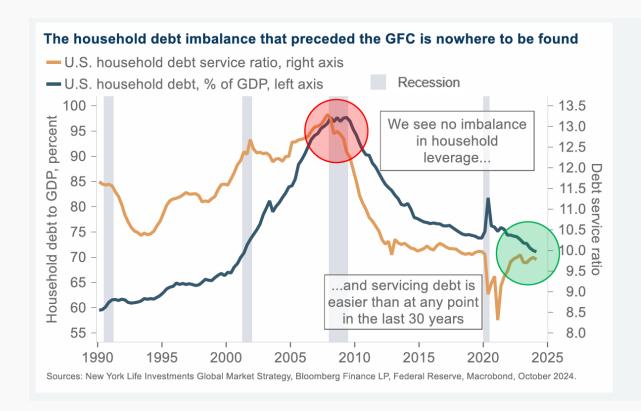
Unemployment

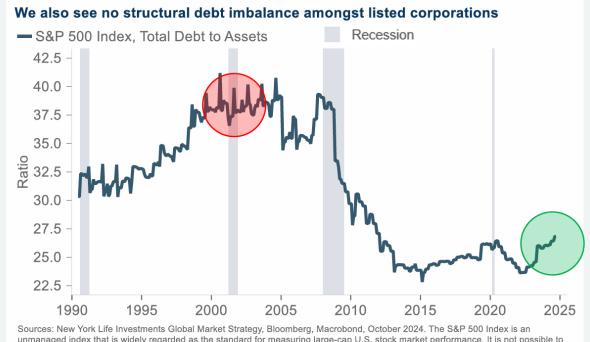
rises

Source: Capital Group. Positions within the business cycle are forward-looking estimates by Capital Group economists as of December 2023 (2024 bubble) and September 2024 (2025 bubble). The views of individual portfolio managers and analysts may differ.



#### **Both Corporate and Household Balance Sheets are in Excellent Shape**



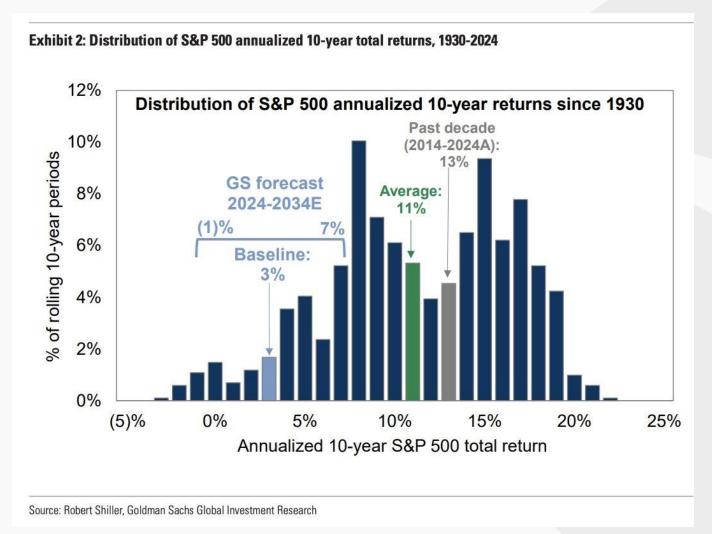




## **Valuation**

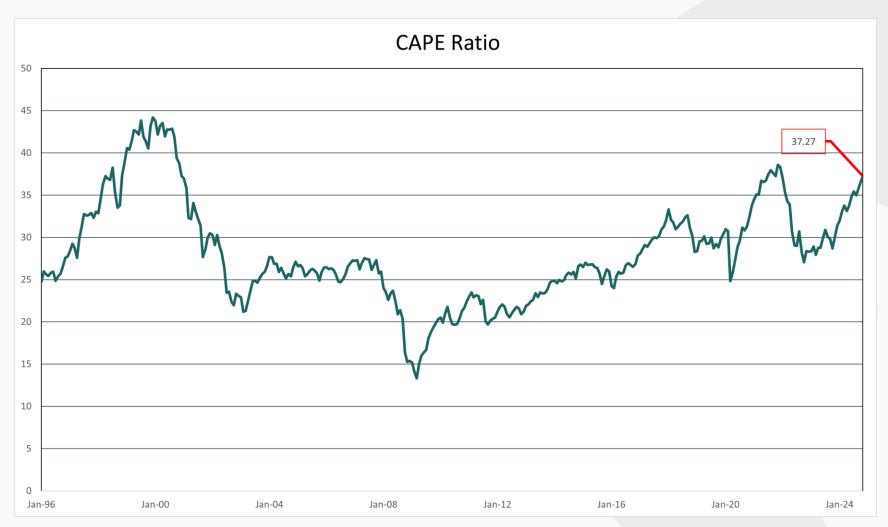


# Recently, Goldman Sachs Projected Only 3% Returns for the Next Decade



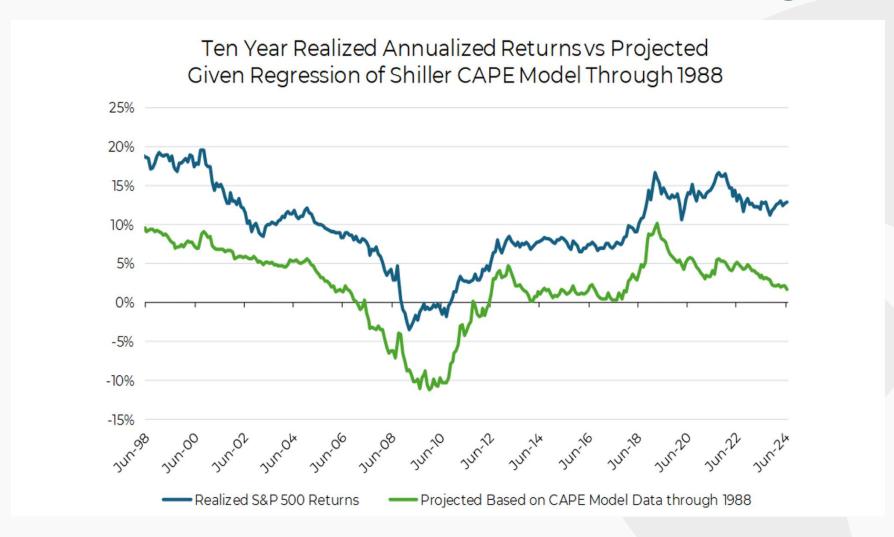


## **CAPE (Shiller P/E) Ratio – Where We are Today**



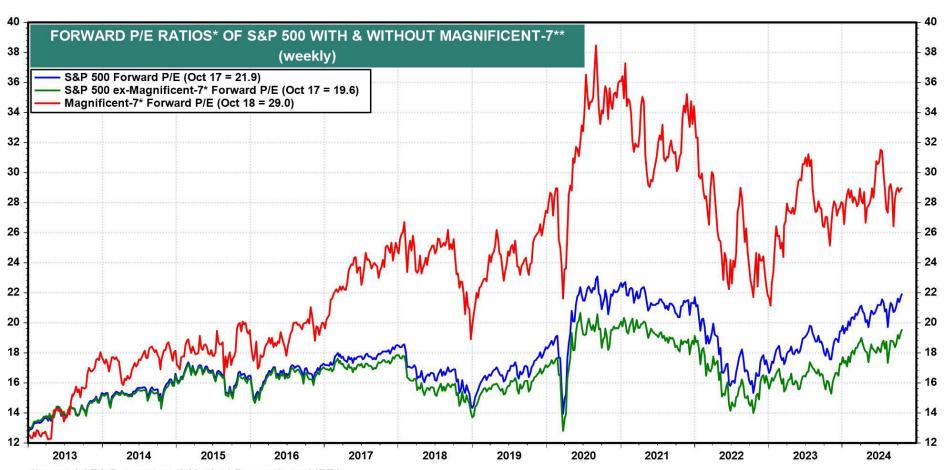


#### But the Shiller Ratio Has Done a Poor Job of Predicting Future Returns





#### **Optically High Valuations**



Source: LSEG Datastream, @ Yardeni Research, and IBES.

<sup>\*</sup> Price divided by consensus forward earnings forecast

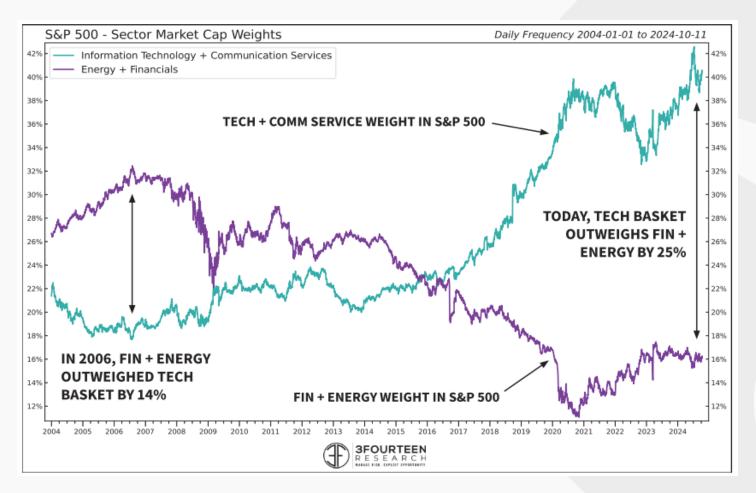
<sup>\*\*</sup> Magnificent-7 stocks include Alphabet (Google), Amazon, Apple, Meta (Facebook), Microsoft, NVIDIA, and Tesla. Both classes of Alphabet are included.



#### **Structural Factors Explaining High Valuations**

#### **Index Composition**

% of Higher Growth, Higher Quality Tech  $\uparrow$  = P/Es  $\uparrow$ 

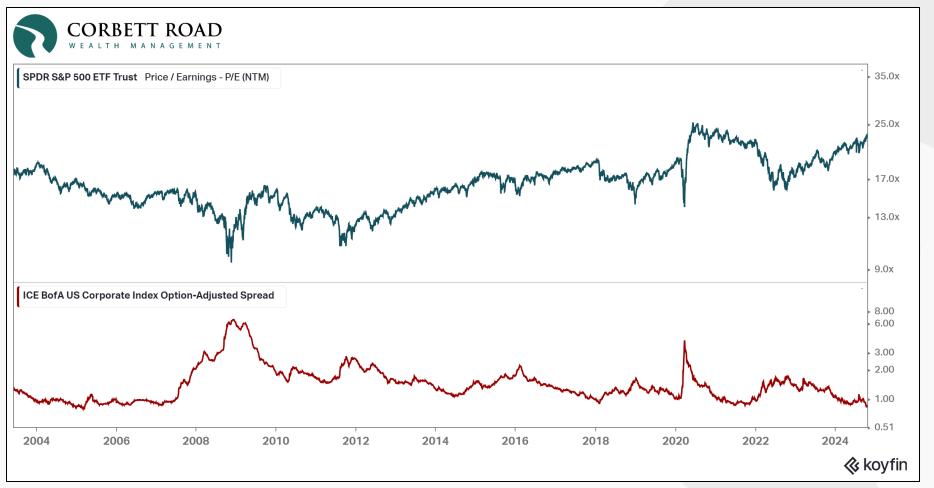




#### **Structural Factors Explaining High Valuations (Continued)**

#### **Low Credit Spreads**

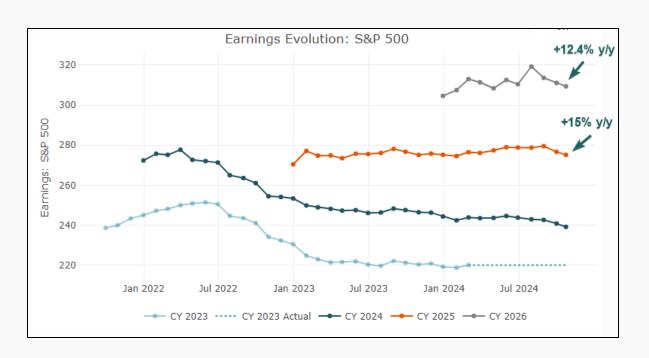
Credit Risk  $\downarrow$  = P/Es  $\uparrow$ 

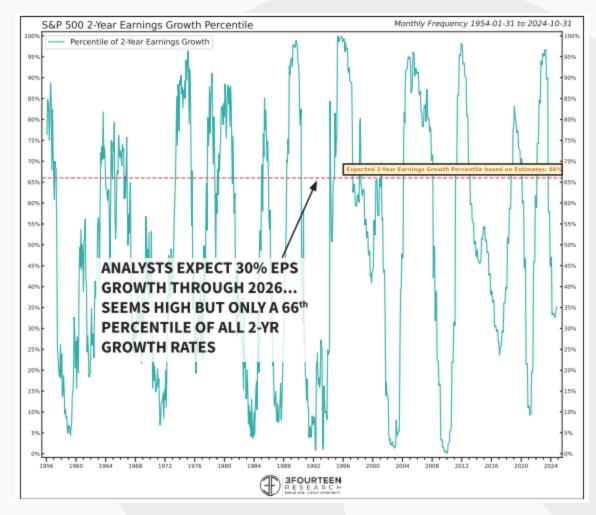




#### **Assessing the Earnings Growth Outlook**

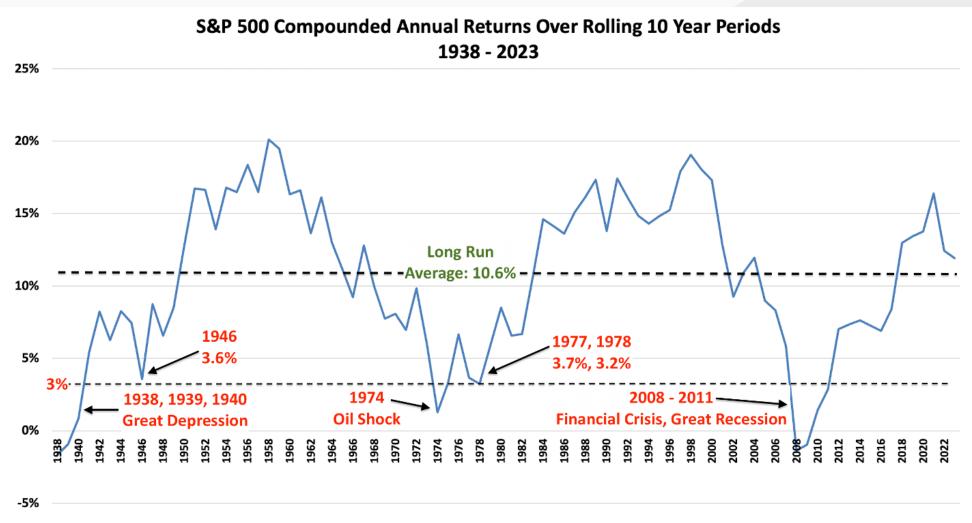
- Currently, analysts expect S&P 500 earnings to grow at a double-digit pace in 2025 / 2026, increasing by nearly ~30% over the next two years.
- While these estimates may appear aggressive on the surface, adding historical context to the growth rate shows that the forecast is actually only in the 66<sup>th</sup> percentile of all 2-year growth rates.







# Negative 10-Year Returns are Rare, but When They Do Happen, It's Usually Because of a Significant Crisis.



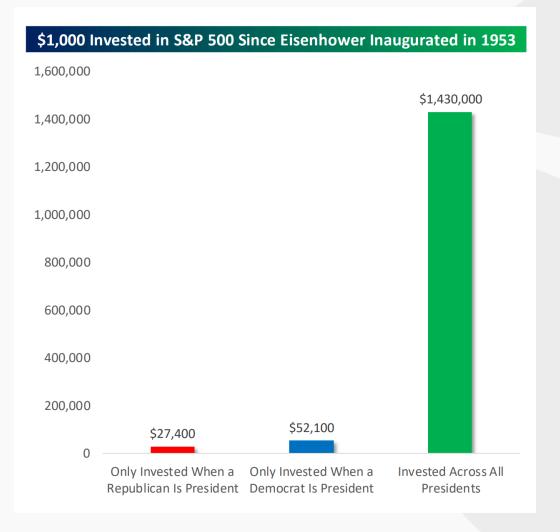


#### **Elections vs Markets**

Source: LPL Financial



# The Market Performs Better in Democratic AND Republican Administrations

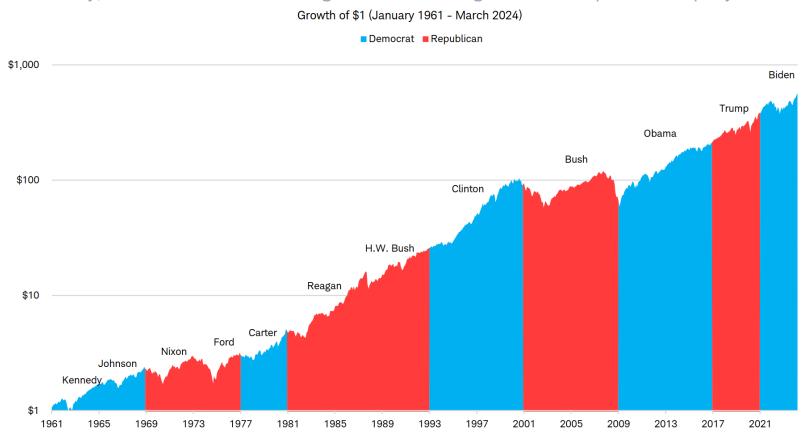




## **Presidential Party vs US Stocks**

#### Politics versus sound investment principles

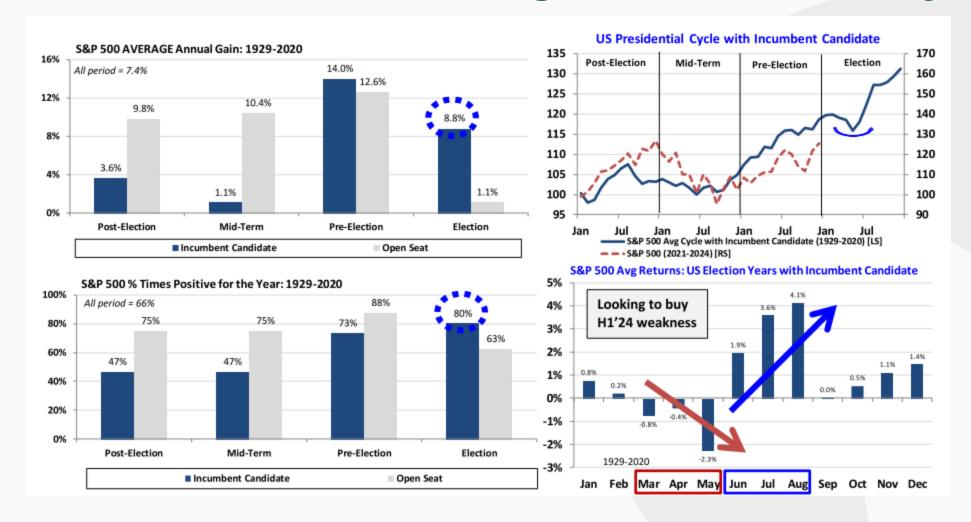
Investors are likely to be hyper focused on all the noise of the upcoming presidential election, but historically, markets have rewarded long-term investors regardless of the presidential party.



Source: Schwab Center for Financial Research, with data provided by Morningstar, Inc. The chart above shows the growth of \$1 invested in a hypothetical portfolio that tracks the Ibbotson U.S. Large Stock Index starting on January 1, 1961. January returns in inauguration years are assumed to be under the party that is being inaugurated. Returns include investment of dividends and interest. For illustrative purposes only. The policy analysis provided by the Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. does not constitute and should not be interpreted as an endorsement of any political party. Indexes are unmanaged, do not incur management fees, costs, and expenses, and cannot be invested in directly. Investing involves risk, including loss of principal. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.



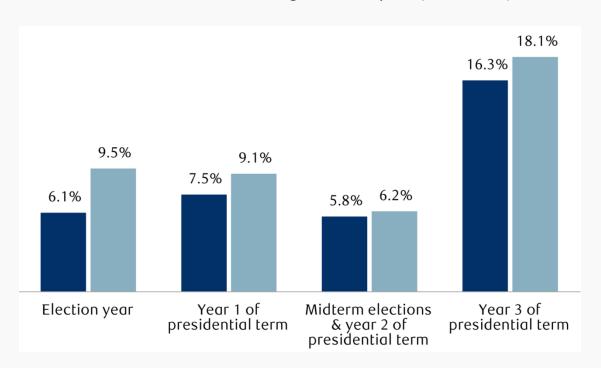
## **Market Performance During the Presidential Cycle**



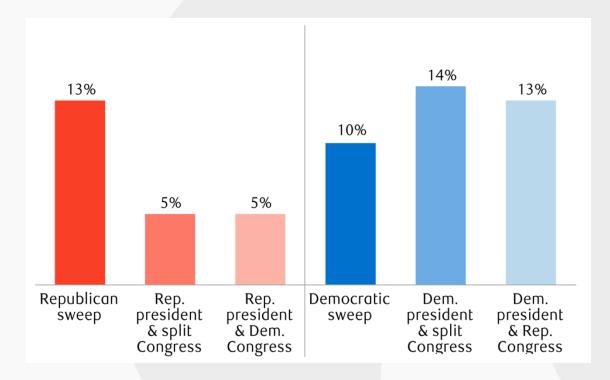


## **Election Cycles & Government Composition**

S&P 500 Performance During Election Cycles (Since 1932)



Average Annual S&P 500 Returns by Government Makeup (Since 1932)





#### **Market Performance & Asset Class Returns**



#### **Asset Class Returns**

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	YTD
EM	REIT	REIT	REIT	Sm Cap	REIT	REIT	Sm Cap	EM	Cash	Lg Cap	Sm Cap	REIT		Lg Cap	Lg Cap
79.0%	28.0%	8.3%	19.7%	38.8%	28.0%	2.8%	21.3%	37.8%	1.8%	31.5%	20.0%	41.3%		26.3%	22.1%
HY Bnd	Sm Cap	HG Bnd	EM	Lg Cap	Lg Cap	Lg Cap	HY Bnd	Int'l	HG Bnd	REIT	EM	Lg Cap	HY Bnd	Int'l	EM
57.5%	26.9%	7.8%	18.6%	32.4%	13.7%	1.4%	17.5%	25.6%	0.0%	28.7%	18.7%	28.7%	-11.2%	18.9%	17.2%
Int'l Stk	EM	HY Bnd	Int'l Stk	Int'l Stk	AA	HG Bnd	Lg Cap	Lg Cap	HY Bnd	Sm Cap	Lg Cap	Sm Cap	HG Bnd	Sm Cap	REIT
32.5%	19.2%	4.4%	17.9%	23.3%	6.9%	0.6%	12.0%	21.8%	-2.3%	25.5%	18.4%	14.8%	-13.0%	16.9%	14.2%
REIT	HY Bnd	Lg Cap	Sm Cap	AA	HG Bnd		EM	Sm Cap	REIT	Int'l Stk	AA	Int'l Stk	Int'l Stk	HY Bnd	Int'l Stk
28.0%	15.2%	2.1%	16.4%	11.5%	6.0%		11.6%	14.7%	-4.0%	22.7%	9.8%	11.8%	-14.0%	13.5%	13.5%
Sm Cap	Lg Cap	AA	Lg Cap	HY Bnd	Sm Cap	Int'l Stk	REIT	AA	Lg Cap	AA	Int'l Stk	AA	AA	AA	AA
27.2%	15.1%	0.3%	16.0%	7.4%	4.9%	-0.4%	8.6%	14.6%	-4.4%	18.9%	8.3%	10.9%	-16.5%	12.8%	11.4%
Lg Cap	AA	Cash	HY Bnd	REIT	HY Bnd	AA	AA	REIT	AA	EM	HY Bnd	HY Bnd	Lg Cap	REIT	Sm Cap
26.5%	13.5%	0.1%	15.6%	2.9%	2.5%	-1.3%	7.2%	8.7%	-5.6%	18.9%	7.5%	5.4%	-18.1%	11.4%	11.2%
AA	Int'l 5tk	Sm Cap	AA	Cash	Cash	Sm Cap	HG Bnd	HY Bnd	Sm Cap	HY Bnd	HG Bnd	Cash	EM	EM	Hy Bnd
24.6%	8.2%	-4.2%	12.2%	0.1%	0.0%	-4.4%	2.7%	7.5%	-11.0%	14.4%	6.1%	0.0%	-19.7%	10.3%	8.0%
HG Bnd	HG Bnd	Int'l Stk	HG Bnd	HG Bnd	EM	HY Bnd	Int'l Stk	HG Bnd	Int'l Stk	HG Bnd	Cash	HG Bnd	Sm Cap	HG Bnd	HG Bnd
5.9%	6.5%	-11.7%	4.2%	-2.0%	-1.8%	-4.6%	1.5%	3.5%	-13.4%	8.7%	0.6%	-1.5%	-20.4%	5.5%	4.5%
Cash	Cash	EM	Cash	EM	Int'l Stk	EM	Cash	Cash	EM	Cash	REIT	EM	REIT	Cash	Cash
0.1%	0.1%	-18.2%	0.1%	-2.3%	-4.5%	-14.6%	0.3%	0.8%	-14.3%	2.2%	-5.1%	-2.2%	-25.0%	5.1%	4.1%

Abbr.	Asset Class – Index	Annual	Best	Worst
Lg Cap	Large Cap Stocks – S&P 500 Index	13.97%	32.4%	-18.1%
Sm Cap	Small Cap Stocks - Russell 2000 Index	11.30%	38.8%	-20.4%
Int'l Stk	International Developed Stocks - MSCI EAFE Index	7.44%	32.5%	-14.0%
EM	EM Stocks - MSCI Emerging Markets Index	6.93%	79.0%	-19.7%
REIT	REITs - FTSE NAREIT All Equity Index	10.86%	41.3%	-25.0%
HG Bnd	High Grade Bonds - Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Agg Index	2.59%	8.7%	-13.0%
HY Bnd	High Yield Bonds - ICE BofA US High Yield Index	9.12%	57.5%	-11.2%
	Cash - S&P U.S. Treasury Bill 0-3 Mth Index	0.85%	5.1%	0.0%
AA	Asset Allocation Portfolio*	7.51%	24.6%	-16.5%

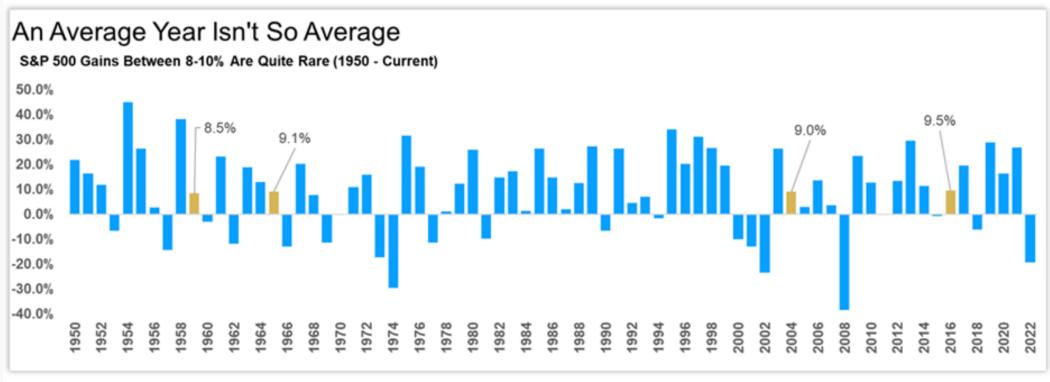
Past performance does not guarantee future returns. The historical performance shows changes in market trends across several asset classes over the past fifteen years. Returns represent total annual returns (reinvestment of all distributions) and does not include fees and expenses. The investments you choose should reflect your financial goals and risk tolerance. For assistance, talk to a financial professional. All data are as of 9/30/24.

\*Asset Allocation Portfolio is 15% large cap stocks, 15% international stocks, 10% small cap stocks, 10% emerging market stocks, 10% REITs, 40% high-grade bonds, and annual rebalancing.

# **Historical Asset Class Returns**



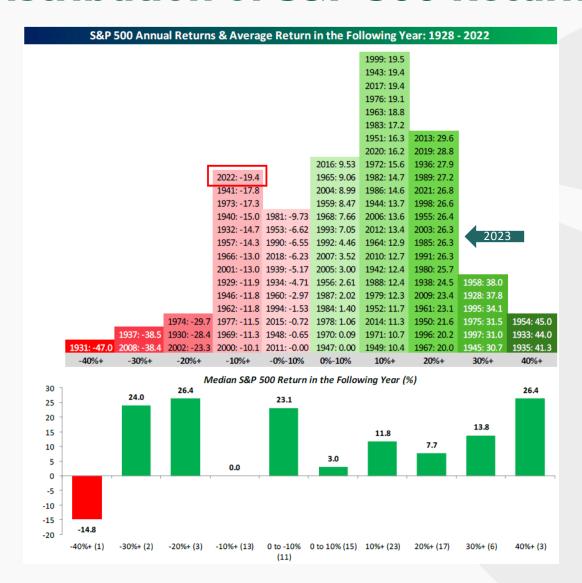
# The Market Rarely Sees Average Returns in a Calendar Year



Source: Carson Investment Research, FactSet 10/18/2023

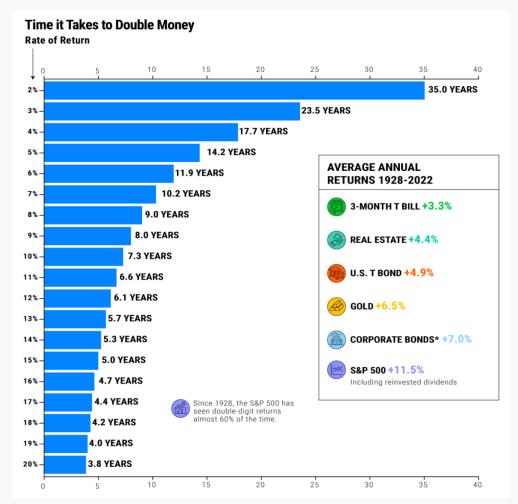


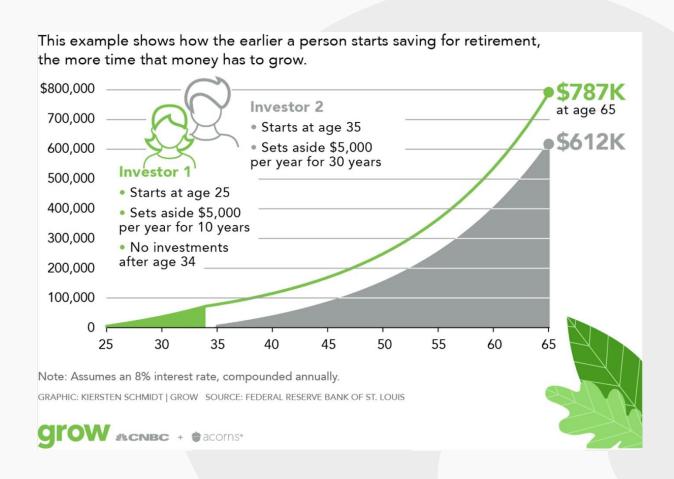
#### **Distribution of S&P 500 Returns**





## **Power of Compounding**





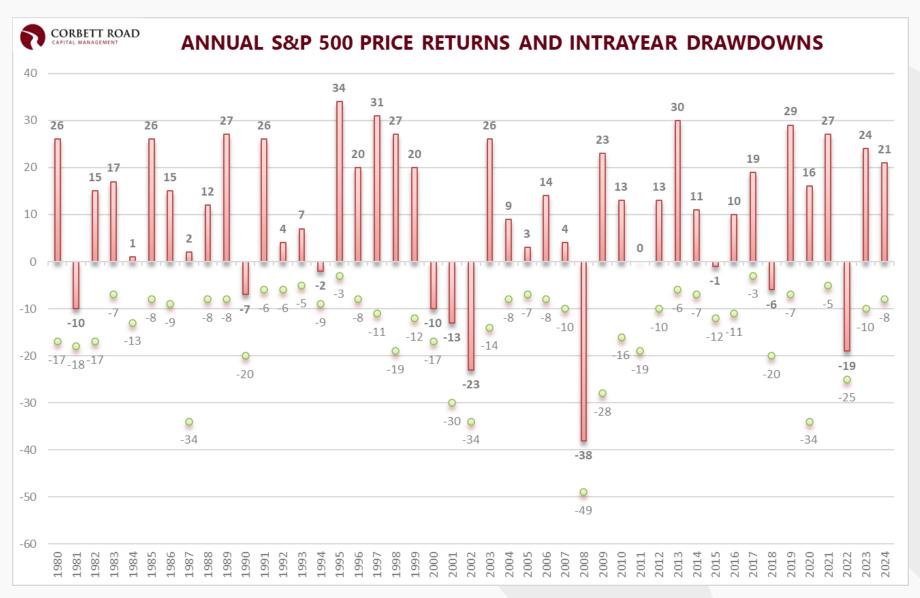


#### **Drawdowns**



# Market Corrections Happen Every Year

The average drop is 14%, but the market has been positive 75% of all calendar years since 1980.



# The Market Has Rarely Spent Time in a Major Drawdown



Peak-to-Trough Drawdown	% of the time
Down 50% or Worse	0.1%
Down 40% or Worse	2.3%
Down 30% or Worse	5.4%
Down 20% or Worse	16.6%
Down 10% or Worse	36.6%
All-Time Highs	7.7%

Data: Ycharts (my calculations)

#### 10 Year S&P 500 Returns Since 1950

10 Year Annual Returns	% of the time		
Negative	3.1%		
0% to 5%	11.0%		
5% to 10%	30.9%		
10% to 15%	31.7%		
15% to 20%	23.2%		
Long-Term Average	10.7%		

Data: Returns 2.0 (my calculations)





### **Bull Markets Tend to Last Longer than Bear Markets**

This chart shows daily historical performance of the S&P 500 Index throughout the U.S. Bull and Bear Markets since 1942. We believe looking at the history of the market's expansions and recessions helps to gain a fresh perspective on the benefits of investing for the long-term.

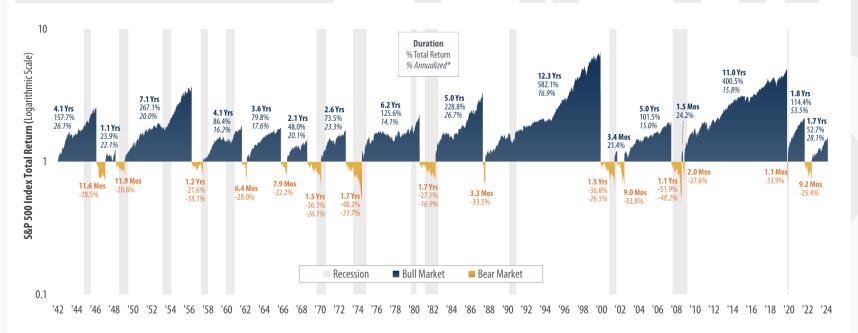
- The average Bull Market period lasted 4.3 years with an average cumulative total return of 149.2%.
- The average Bear Market period lasted 11.1 months with an average cumulative loss of -31.7%.

#### BULL

From the lowest close reached after the market has fallen 20% or more, to the next market high.

#### BEAR

When the index closes at least 20% down from its previous high close, through the lowest close reached after it has fallen 20% or more.

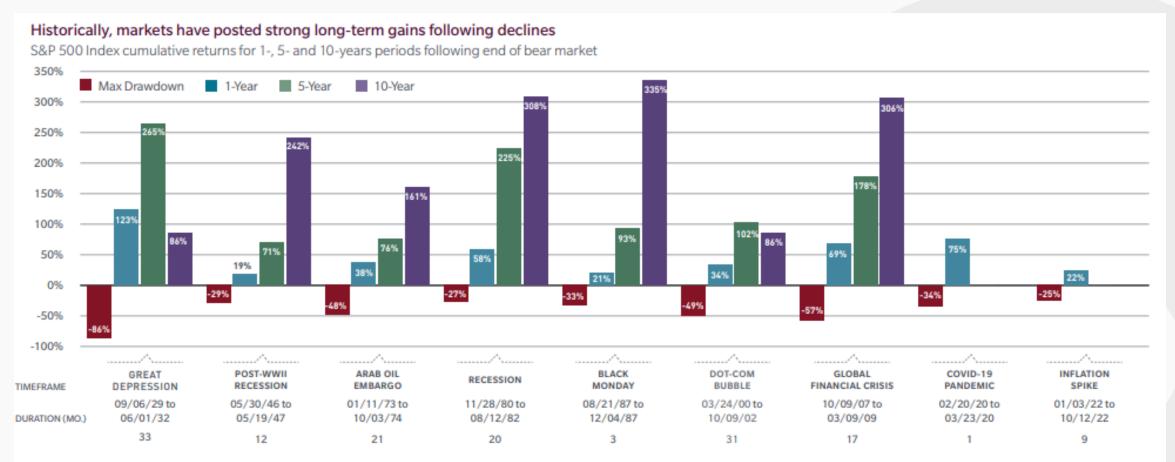


Source: First Trust Advisors L.P., Bloomberg. Daily returns from 4/29/1942 - 6/28/2024. \*No annualized return shown if duration is less than one year. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results.** These results are based on daily returns—returns using different periods would produce different results. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 companies used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance. Investors cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns do not reflect any fees, expenses, or sales charges. This chart is for illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. These returns were the result of certain market factors and events which may not be repeated in the future.

The information presented is not intended to constitute an investment recommendation for, or advice to, any specific person. By providing this information, First Trust is not undertaking to give advice in any fiduciary capacity within the meaning of ERISA, the Internal Revenue Code or any other regulatory framework. Financial professionals are responsible for evaluating investment risks independently and for exercising independent judgment in determining whether investments are appropriate for their clients.



## The Largest Drawdowns vs Forward Returns



As history has shown, recoveries have followed declines, and investors that have stayed invested for the long term may have benefited from the recovery.

Source: FactSet. Daily data from January 3, 1928 through December 31, 2023. Bear market is defined as the period from a peak to trough, with at least a 20% decline in the S&P 500 index price. Data in USD. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. It is not possible to invest in an index.



# Most Market Pullbacks Resolve Within a Couple of Months

# Recovery Times From Market Drops Average months to recovery

Average months to recovery

Pullbacks (5% to 9.9% drops) 1.5

Corrections (10% to 19.9%) 4.0

Bear markets (20% to 40%) 13.0

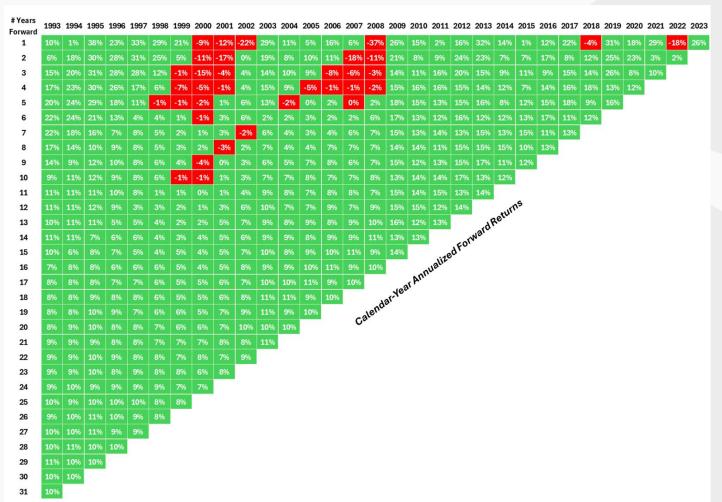
Major bear markets (40%+)

58.0

Source: CFRA Research, S&P Global; data from Dec. 31, 1945 to Dec. 31, 2023.

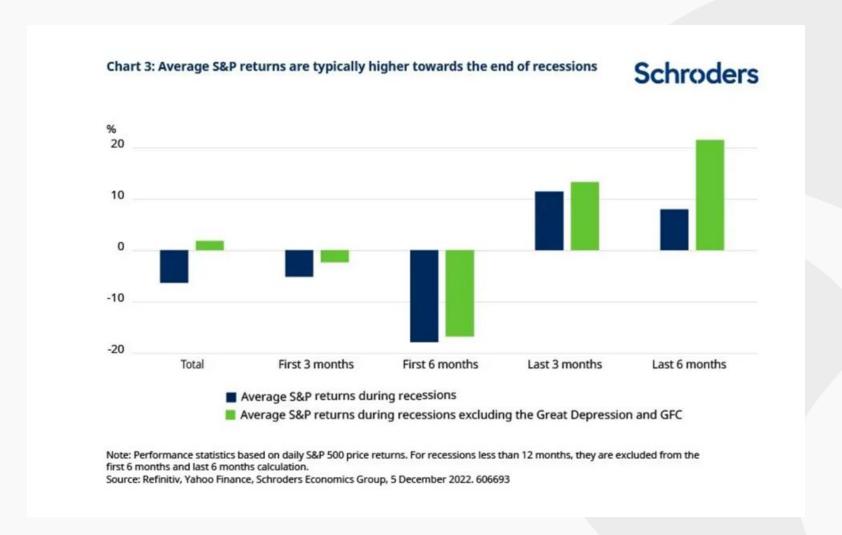


# Time in the Market Matters: Stocks Rarely Down When Held For 10+ Years





## **Market Returns During Recessions**





#### **Corbett Road Risk Models**



# Recessionary vs Non-Recessionary Bear Markets

Type of Bear Market	# Since 1928	Avg Drawdown	Avg Duration (Peak-to-trough)
Recessionary	14	-39.4%	13 months (390 days)
Non-recessionary	11	-26.1%	7 months (202 days)
Average Bear Market (All)	25	-33.5%	10 months (307 days)



# **Corbett Road Tactical Solutions**

#### **macro**cast<sup>™</sup>

- V Valuation
- Inflation
- T Technical Analysis
- A Aggregate Economy
- L Liquidity
- S Sentiment

Opportunity MX
Dynamic MX
Core Equity MX

### **micro**cast™

- T Technical Analysis
- U Underlying Market Breadth
- M Momentum
- S Sentiment

Opportunity TX
Dynamic TX
Core Equity TX



## What is macrocast<sup>TM</sup>?

Corbett Road Corbett Road examines data across six categories (the "VITALS" that we believe impact market conditions. Within the VITALS, we examine more than 20 specific indicators that drive the **macro**cast™ Score.

These indicators are then assessed and classified as signaling a positive (+1), neutral (0), or negative (-1) trend. The final **macro**cast™ Score is the result of the summation of the classified indicators.





### What is macrocast<sup>TM</sup>?



#### **VALUATION**

- Cyclically Adjusted P/E Ratio
- Corporate Profit Margins
- Market Cap to GDP



#### **INFLATION**

- Consumer Price Inflation (CPI)
- **Industrial Metal Prices**
- Crude Oil



#### **TECHNICALS**

- Index Price Relative to LT Moving Average
- % of Stocks Above 50 Day Moving Average (DMA)



#### AGGREGATE ECONOMY

- Real Retail Sales
- **New Housing Starts**
- Initial Jobless Claims



#### LIQUIDITY

- Yield Curve
- Corporate Bond Spreads
- Swap Spreads



#### **SENTIMENT**

- University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index
- **Investment Fund Flows**
- **Investor Sentiment Surveys**



### What is microcast<sup>TM</sup>?

Corbett Road examines data across four specific categories ("TUMS") that we believe impact near to intermediate-term market conditions. **micro**cast™ assesses more than ten specific indicators within these four categories.

Each of the indicators are designed to give positive or negative signals that, in aggregate, generate the **micro**cast<sup>TM</sup> optimal risk allocation. This determines the allocation split between equity and defensive assets within the strategy.





# microcast<sup>TM</sup>?



#### **TREND**

- Price vs 200-dma
- Price vs 50-dma
- Price vs 21-dma



#### **UNDERLYING BREADTH**

- % of stocks above 50-dma
- Accumulation-Distribution Line
- Hi/Lo Ratio



#### **MOMENTUM**

- Stochastics
- Relative Strength Index (RSI)
- Moving Average Convergence/Divergence (MACD)

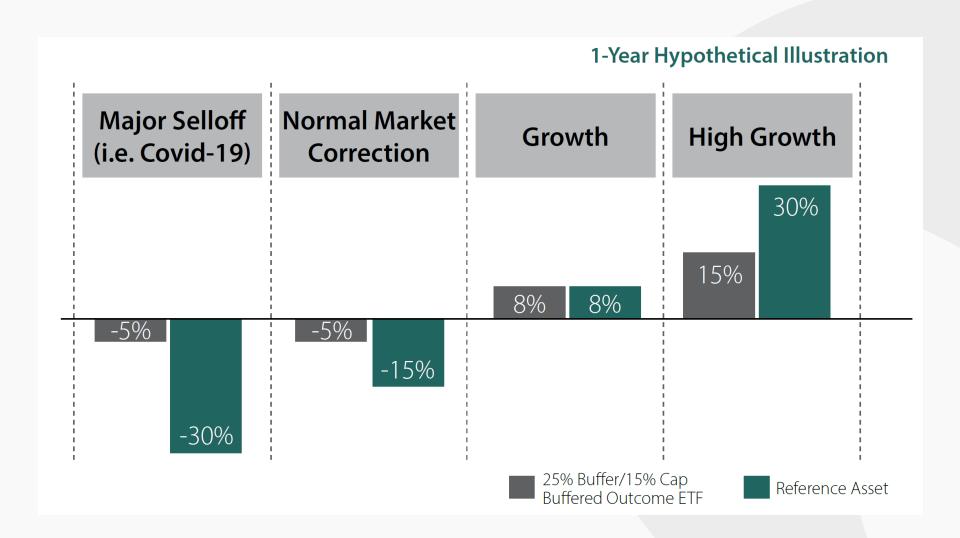


#### **SENTIMENT**

- VIX Index
- Equity Put/Call Ratio
- Bull/Bear Ratio



# **Corbett Road Buffered Outcome Solutions**





# **Asset Allocation**



> 0\*

Benefit of moving from the scenario described to

Up to, or even exceed, 3% in net returns

# **Vanguard Advisor's Alpha**

#### FIGURE 1

The value-add of best practices in wealth management

		Vanguard Advisor's Alpha methodology
VANGUARD ADVISOR'S ALPHA STRATEGY	MODULE	TYPICAL VALUE ADDED FOR CLIENT(BASIS POINTS)
Suitable asset allocation using broadly diversified funds/ETI	Fs <b>1</b>	> 0*
Cost-effective implementation (expense ratios)	2	30
Rebalancing	6	14
Behavioral coaching	4	0 to > 200
Asset location	6	0 to 60
Spending strategy (withdrawal order)	6	0 to 120

7

\* Value is deemed significant but too unique to each investor to quantify.

Total return versus income investing

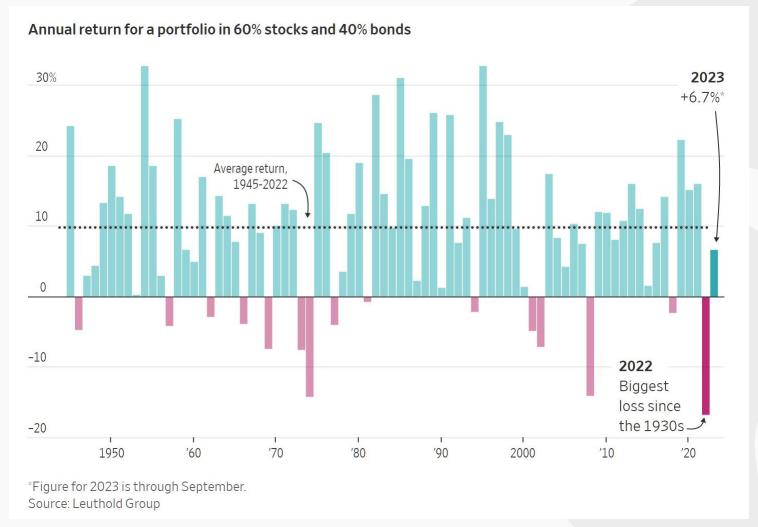
Range of potential value added (basis points)

**Notes:** We believe implementing the Vanguard Advisor's Alpha framework can add up to, or even exceed, 3% in net returns for your clients and also allow you to differentiate your skills and practice. The actual amount of value added may vary significantly depending on client circumstances and time horizon.

Source: Vanguard.

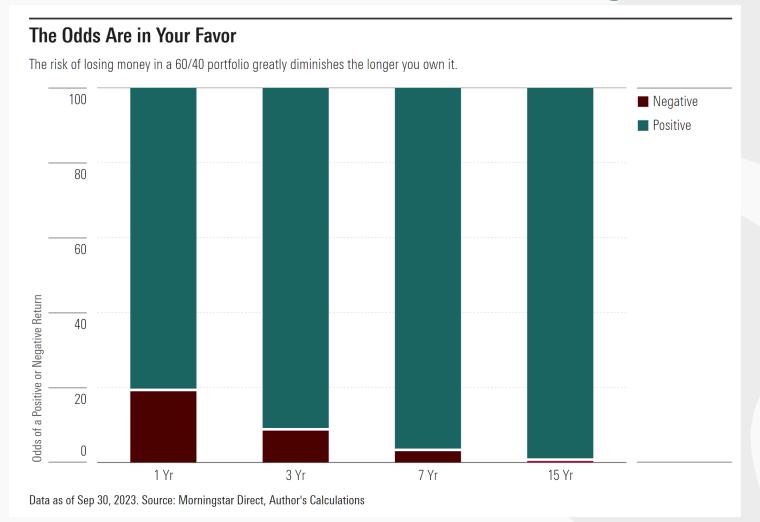


# 2022 Was Truly an Outlier For the 60/40 Portfolio





# A 60/40 Portfolio Tends to Generate Positive Returns Over the Long Term

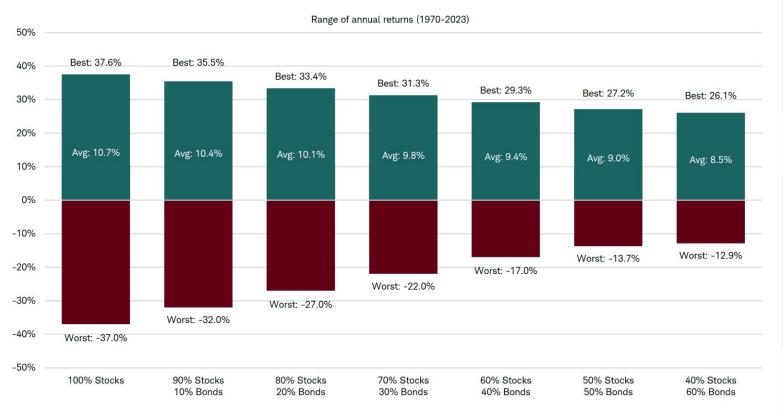




# **Bonds Can Help Reduce Portfolio Volatility**

### Importance of diversification

Adding fixed income investments to a portfolio of equities can help lower volatility.

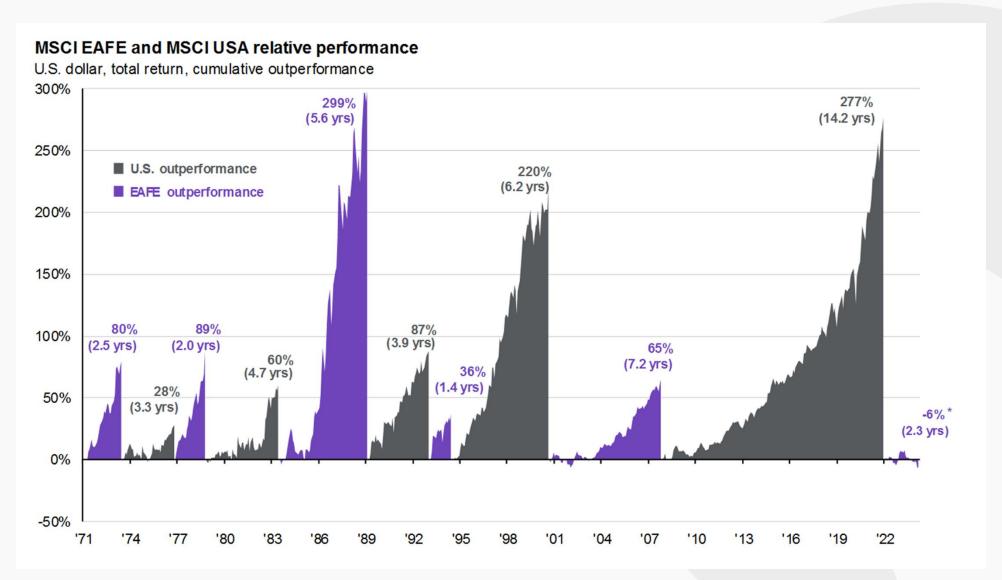


Source: Schwab Center for Financial Research, with data provided by Morningstar, Inc. Stocks are represented by total annual returns of the S&P 500 Index, and bonds are represented by total annual returns of the Ibbotson U.S. Intermediate Government Bond Index. Return figures are the average, maximum, and minimum annual total returns for the hypothetical portfolios represented in the chart and are rebalanced annually. Returns include reinvestment of dividends, interest, and capital gains. The example is hypothetical and provided for illustrative purposes only. It is not intended to represent a specific investment product. Investing involves risk, including loss of principal. Indexes are unmanaged, do not incur management feet so, and expenses and cannot be invested in directly. Past performance is no quarantee of future results. Diversification strategies do not ensure a profit and do not protect against losses in declining markets.

60

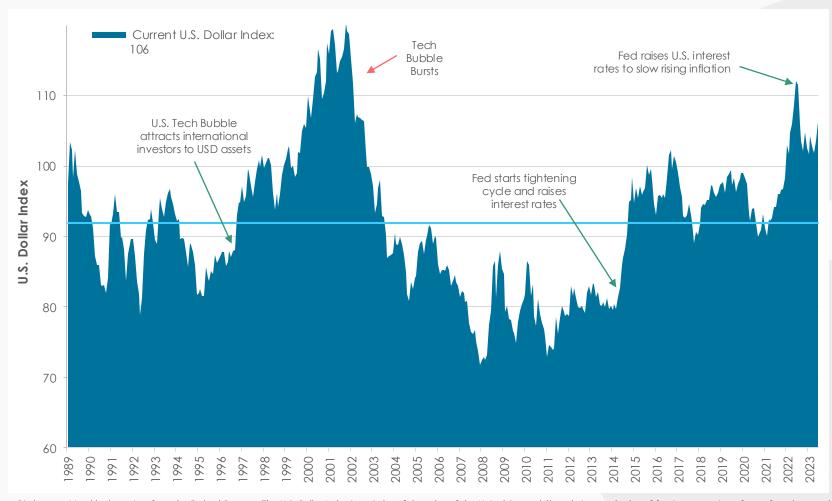


### **Domestic vs International**





# **History of the U.S Dollar**



USD Strengthens =

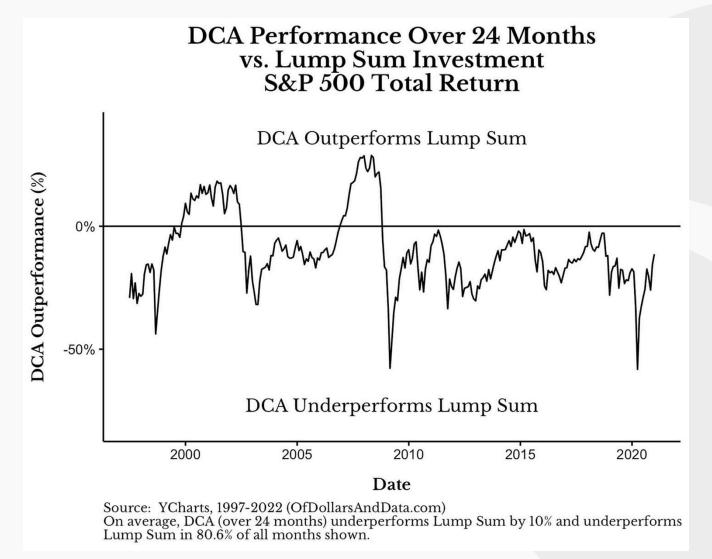
USD Weakens = Good for Intl. Equities

Disclosures: Monthly datapoints from the Federal Reserve. The U.S. Dollar Index is an index of the value of the United States dollar relative to a basket of foreign currencies, often referred to as a basket of U.S. trade partners' currencies, including the Euro, Japanese Yen, British Pound, Canadian Dollar, Swedish Krona, and Swiss Franc.

Source: MarketDesk



# **Dollar Cost Averaging vs Lump Sum**





# **Dollar Cost Averaging vs Lump Sum**

# LS mostly outperforms CA, but CA still largely beats cash

#### Historical probability of outperformance

Lump-sum investing versus cost averaging

Lump-sum outperforms cost averaging

68%
of the time

Cost averaging versus cash



Lump-sum investing versus cash

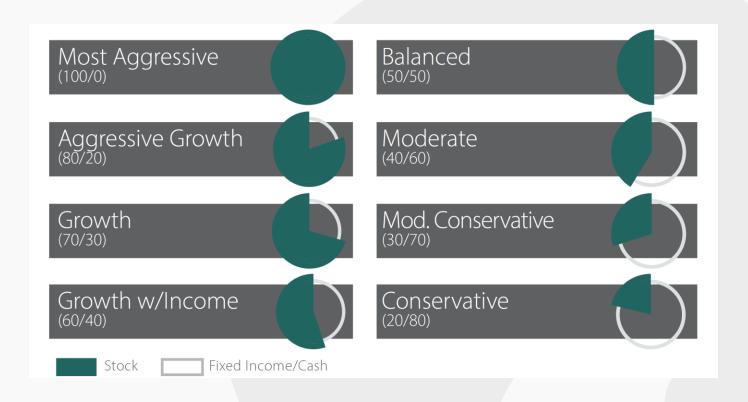




### **Corbett Road Asset Allocation**

mypath Asset Allocation Portfolios™ (MAAP) offer a simple way to build a broadly diversified core portfolio. Available in allocation mixes spanning the target risk spectrum, our passive strategies establish a client's long-term base portfolio using low-cost, passive exchange traded funds (ETF) products.

While strategic adjustments are made on a year-to-year, these portfolios are designed to remain invested throughout the economic cycle and market fluctuations. Providing broad exposure to global equity, fixed income, and real estate markets, our passive solutions can be used as a standalone solution or in conjunction with our other strategies.





### crfusion<sup>TM</sup>



### **Passive** Strategies

Passive strategies are designed to maintain their allocation regardless of market conditions.



#### Active

Strategies

Active strategies remain fully invested, but will change the underlying investment based on fundamental analysis.



### **Tactical** Strategies

Tactical strategies have the ability to shift the allocation more favorably to stocks, fixed income, or cash at any time depending upon the health of the market.



#### **crfusion**™

crfusion™ allows a client to invest in a customized and targeted solution that considers both the positive and negative fluctuations that occur throughout a market cycle.



### Disclosures

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The views and opinions expressed in this article are those of the authors as of the date of this publication, are subject to change without notice, and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of Spire Wealth Management LLC, Spire Securities LLC or its affiliates.

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# **Thank You**

